#### QUESTIONS?

#### TROUBLESHOOTING AND ACTION

### FANUC SERIES ALPHA-i SERVO AMPLIFIER MODULE

Model	Order Specification
SVM1-20 <i>i</i>	A06B-6114-H103
SVM1-40 <i>i</i>	A06B-6114-H104
SVM1-80 <i>i</i>	A06B-6114-H105
SVM1-160 <i>i</i>	A06B-6114-H106
SVM2-4/4 i	A06B-6114-H201
SVM2-20/20 i	A06B-6114-H205
SVM2-20/40 i	A06B-6114-H206
SVM2-40/40 i	A06B-6114-H207
SVM2-40/80 i	A06B-6114-H208
SVM2-80/80 i	A06B-6114-H209
SVM2-80/160 i	A06B-6114-H210
SVM2-160/160 i	A06B-6114-H211
SVM3-4/4/4 i	A06B-6114-H301
SVM3-20/20/20 i	A06B-6114-H303
SVM3-20/20/40 i	A06B-6114-H304

### Alarm Code 1

- (1) Meaning Inverter: internal cooling fan stopped
- (2) Cause and troubleshooting
  - (a) Check whether there is any foreign material in the fan.
  - (b) Check that the fan connector is attached correctly.
  - (c)Replace the fan.
  - (d)Replace the SVM.

# Alarm Code 2

- (1) Meaning Inverter: control power supply under voltage
- (2) Cause and troubleshooting
  - (a) Check the three-phase input voltage of the amplifier (the voltage shall not be lower than 85% of the rated input voltage).
  - (b)Check the 24 V power supply voltage output from the PSM (the voltage shall normally not lower than 22.8 V).

- (c)Check the connector and cable (CXA2A/B).
- (d)Replace the SVM.

### Alarm Code 5

(1)Meaning Inverter: DC link under voltage

- (2) Cause and troubleshooting
  - (a) Check that the screws for the DC link connection cable (bar) are tight.
  - (b)If a DC link low voltage alarm condition occurs in more than one module, see Subsection 3.1.4, "Alarm code 4" for explanations about how to troubleshoot the power supply module.
  - (c)If a DC link low voltage alarm condition occurs in only one SVM, replace that SVM.

### Alarm Code 6

(1)Meaning Inverter: overheat

- (2) Cause and troubleshooting
  - (a) Check that the motor is being used at or below its continuous rating.
  - (b) Check that the cooling capacity of the cabinet is sufficient (inspect the fans and filters).
  - (c)Check that the ambient temperature is not too high. (d)Replace the SVM.

# Alarm Code F

(1) Meaning Inverter: cooling fan stopped of the radiator

- (2) Cause and troubleshooting
  - (a) Check whether there is any foreign material in the fan.
  - (b) Check that the fan connector is attached correctly.

(c)Replace the fan. (d)Replace the SVM.

### Alarm Code P

- (1) Meaning Communication error between amplifier and module
- (2) Cause and troubleshooting
  - (a) Check the connector and cable (CXA2A/B).
  - (b)Replace the control printed-circuit board.
  - (c)Replace the SVM.

### Alarm Code 8

- (1) Meaning Inverter: DC link current alarm
- (2) Cause and troubleshooting
  - (a)Disconnect the motor power leads from the SVM, and release the SVM from an emergency stop condition.
    - <1>If no abnormal DC link current alarm condition has occurred. Go to (b).
    - <2>If an abnormal DC link current alarm condition has occurred. Replace the SVM.
  - (b)Disconnect the motor power leads from the SVM, and check the insulation between PE and the motor power lead U, V, or W.
    - <1>If the insulation is deteriorated. Go to (c).
    - <2>If the insulation is normal. Replace the SVM.
  - (c)Disconnect the motor from its power leads, and check whether the insulation of the motor or power leads is deteriorated.
    - <1>If the insulation of the motor is deteriorated. Replace the motor.
    - <2>If the insulation of any power lead is deteriorated. Replace the power lead.

## Alarm Code 8.9.A.

- (1)Meaning Inverter: IPM alarm
- (2) Cause and troubleshooting

- (a)Disconnect the motor power leads from the SVM, and release the SVM from an emergency stop condition.
  - <1>If no IPM alarm condition has occurred. Go to (b).
  - <2>If an IPM alarm condition has occurred. Replace the SVM.
- (b)Disconnect the motor power leads from the SVM, and check the insulation between PE and the motor power lead U, V, or W.
  - <1>If the insulation is deteriorated. Go to (c).
  - <2>If the insulation is normal. Replace the SVM.
- (c)Disconnect the motor from its power leads, and check whether the insulation of the motor or power leads is deteriorated.
  - <1>If the insulation of the motor is deteriorated. Replace the motor.
  - <2>If the insulation of any power lead is deteriorated. Replace the power lead.

#### Alarm Code 8.9.A.

- (1)Meaning Inverter: IPM alarm (OH)
- (2) Cause and troubleshooting
  - (a) Check that the heat sink cooling fan is running.
  - (b) Check that the motor is being used at or below its continuous rating.
  - (c)Check that the cooling capacity of the cabinet is sufficient (inspect the fans and filters).
  - (d)Check that the ambient temperature is not too high.
  - (e)Replace the SVM.

# **Alarm Code bcd**

- (1) Meaning Abnormal inverter motor current
- (2)Cause and troubleshooting

(a)Checking the servo parameters Referring to "FANUC AC SERVO MOTOR i series Parameter Manual (B-65270EN)," check whether the following parameters have default values.

Fanuc-15i PRM 1809, 1852, 1853

Fanuc-16i/18i/21i PRM & Power Mate i No.2004, 2040, 2041

Alternatively, if an abnormal motor current alarm condition occurs only on rapid acceleration/deceleration, it is likely that the motor is being used under too harsh a condition. Increase the acceleration/deceleration time constant, and see what will occur.

- (b)Disconnect the motor power leads from the SVM, and release the SVM from an emergency stop condition.
  - <1>If no abnormal motor current occurs Go to (c).
  - <2>If an abnormal motor current occurs Replace the SVM.
- (c)Disconnect the motor power leads from the SVM, and check the insulation between PE and the motor power lead U, V, or W.
  - <1>If the insulation is deteriorated Go to (d).
  - <2>If the insulation is normal Replace the SVM.
- (d)Disconnect the motor from its power leads, and check whether the insulation of the motor or power leads is deteriorated.
  - <1>If the insulation of the motor is deteriorated Replace the motor.
  - <2>If the insulation of any power lead is deteriorated. Replace the power lead.